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- Intro to OAI Alliance -> Raymond (5 mins)
- OAI Initiatives on Next Gen Fronthaul > Raymond (10 mins)
- OAI Initiatives on NFV/SDN > Navid (10 mins)







A bit about EURECOM and OAI Software Alliance

- EURECOM is a private non-profit research center in Sophia Antipolis France
- Launched the OpenAirInterface software Alliance in 2014 to foster innovation and collaboration in air interface technologies
 - RAN : open-source 3GPP LTE (Rel 11) implementation, evolution towards 5G when specified
 - CN : open-source LTE Enhanced Packet Core (EPC)
 - Deployable on generic PC and ARM architectures with off-theshelf (e.g. National Instruments/Ettus RF hardware) and commercially-deployable RF solutions
- Research / Industry collaboration through opensource
 - PoC demonstrators for architectural exploration phase of 5G







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OpenAirInterface Software Alliance Project 4

Short-term goal: "Manual" for up to 50 RRUs and BBU pool

- align with ITU/NGFI/3GPP architectures for fixed network and data center RAN/CORE
- Replication of this test network globally to carry out PoCs / Research in the following areas:
 - Network Slicing
 - Study split of PHY RRH (IEEE NGFI P1914.x, NGMN, specs)
 - Interface with commercial RRHs over CPRI
 - Orchestration of BBU pool in Intel/ARM based cluster using automated virtualization tools
 - Address real-time, HW abstraction issues when running future RAN in containers and KVM.
 - Work closely with other open source groups (OSM, JuJu, OpenStack, OpNFV and ONOS)
 - make it replicable (open-access to technology) and based on current OAI RAN and EPC
 - Interoperable with
 - COTS UEs
 - Commercial EPC
 - Evolve towards 5G as 3GPP progresses (below 6 GHz access)
 - Generic cloud computing equipment (Intel/ARM)
 - 100% open-source

Reference Platform for 3GPP/IEEE/ETSI/NGMN Based on Open Source tools (OAI + others) + Proprietary HW/SW IP Blocks





ITU IMT2020 FG Vision



Source: https://www.itu.int/en/ITU-T/Workshops-and-Seminars/itu-ngmn/Documents/Abstracts_and_Presentations/Peter-Ashwood-Smithv2.pdf

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NGFI – Fronthaul Vision







Considered RAN Splits in 3GPP evolution







NGFI fronthaul splits today in OAI



Figure 3-1: Division Plans for the RCC-RRS Interface





EURECOM RRH to Datacenter Architecture





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CRAN Equipment

Deployment of CRAN playground at EURECOM

- 50 Low cost RRU
- Dense servers x86-64 Xeon (today)
- Optical (10/20/100 GbE) and copper (1 Gbe) distribution

RCC/RAU (COTS Intel Server Technology)



Example Radio Cloud Processing units







RRU

RRUs (Experimental)

Band 7(FDD),38 (TDD),42/43 (TDD)

- Up to 25 dBm output
- 20 MHz BW
- 1 or 2 antennas per RRU
- <1000 euros / RRU</p>

Pico-ITX form factor (100mm x 72 mm)

- Intel Atom E3845 or X7-8300, <10W TDP
- PoE from aggregation switch
- 10 MHz reference from clock distribution at aggregation switch
- 1GbE front-haul per RRU
 - MIMO/MU-MIMO done via multiple RRU





Targetted Indoor deployment (1 outdoor RRH)









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OAI - Open-Source Solutions for 5G



Service level modeling

Requirements for modeling

- design an abstract network slice for a particular use-case
- Identify the data models and interfaces across the network functions
- Standardize reference network slice templates
 - capex/opex considerations

Service layer encapsulates

- VNF image and descriptor
- Configuration
- Connection points
- Two distinct lifecycles
 - Service
 - Relationships
- Health and monitoring parameters
- Resources and constraints
- Upgrade

• Service template defines

- Service descriptor
- Input Parameters
- Configuration primitives
- Relationships/dependencies
- Resources and constraints
- Units (number of instances)
- Machine (physical or virtual)





Rapid Service Chaining



 rapidly build voice, video, WebRTC, USSD, SMS, fax and rich messaging applications over LTE





Service modelling and template definition



- Template defines the slice manifest
- Orchestrator logic applied through a EM able to change the service template definition on the fly
 - Reliability and scalability (scale in/out)
- Charms as structured element manager to drive the app lifecycle
- JUJU is a generic VNFM

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INTERFACE

series: trusty services: "oai-enb": charm: "cs:~navid-nikaein/trusty/oai-enb-14" num units: 1 options: N RB DL: 50 downlink frequency: 268000000L eutra band: 7 rrh active: "yes" uplink_frequency_offset: "-12000000" to: - "0" "oai-epc": charm: "cs:~navid-nikaein/trusty/oai-epc-22" num units: 1 annotations: "aui-x": "353" "gui-y": "267" to: - "kvm:oai-dnb/0" relations: - - "oai-enb:epc" - "oai-epc:epc" - - "oai-hss:db" - "mysql:db" - - "oai-epc:hss" - "oai-hss:hss" machines: "0": series: trusty constraints: "arch=amd64 cpu-cores=4 mem=15951 root-disk=8192"





Applications? Units? Charms ?

- Application is spanning across a set of machines
- There are two units of this app with their respective configuration file
- Charm acts a structured EM driven by juju
 - Lifecycle
 - Scale
 - Integration
 - configuration









Deployed CRAN NFV Service Template Juju



KPI	Unit	KPI measurements
Clean Installation	Time(s)	600 seconds
Configuration	Time(s)	4 seconds
Disposal	Time(s)	< 1 seconds
Service upgrade duration	Time(s)	122-300 seconds





ETSI MEC PoC - RAVEN

"Radio aware video optimization in a fully virtualized network"

- This PoC (accepted by ETSI) is about Radio aware video optimisation application implemented in a fully virtualized network, under the collaboration between TIM, Intel, Eurecom and Politecnico di Torino.
- see <u>http://mecwiki.etsi.org/</u>





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RAVEN PoC

- Multiple demonstration has been planned including MWC 2017
- Alternative architecture (e.g. more convenient location of the video content server, ...) can be evaluated, for example in order to compare different deployment options (and related performances
- Input to the standards





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LTEaaS Openstack and Heat Orchestrator

Three components

- web service
- OpenStack
- Heat stack
- Heat Template describes the virtual network deployment
 - Deployment Lifecycle
- Linux Container
- Open vSwitch
- Low latency kernel
- RF frontend HW







Overall Approach to software-defined 5G





OAI - Open-Source Solutions for 5G



Liaisons with other bodies

Currently

- Regular interactions with
 - ETSI NFV ISG
 - ETSI MEC ISG PoC#3, RAVEN
 - NGMN
- 3GPP
 - Regular discussions with TSG RAN, SA, CN
- ITU
 - Discussions with ITU-T FG-IMT-2020, ITU-T focus group looking into the wireline requirements for 5G
- 5GPPP
 - Several users of OAI in 5GPPP projects (e.g. EURECOM, Nokia, Telecom Italia)
- OpNFV
 - OAI as an upstream project + OpNFV Functest
 - (demo @ OpNFV Summit 2016, Berlin)
- OSM
 - OAI as an upstream project (OAI is member)
- ONOS
 - Discussions planned in coming weeks





Conclusion

- OAI is all software, all IP, and open
- Integrated tools for a complete experiment life-cycle
- Flexibility to architect, instantiate, and configure the network components (at the edge, core, or cloud)
 - E.g. The network can be packed into a single commodity server/PC or virtualized as a cloud service
- Rapid prototyping of 3GPP compliant and noncompliant use-cases
 - E.g. Software-define networking or mobile edge services
- We are launching alliance projects around Fronthaul splitting/Orchestration/Slicing -> Join US!!







https://youtu.be/UUAMknoRJ0g









http://www.openairinterface.org















Backup Slides













OAI/ITU-T FG on Wireline Collaboration

- Study different aspects of Network Slicing
- Collaborate with Open Source Projects (OAI, Open-O, etc) for PoCs
- Key aspects of study:
 - Performance of RAN within containers, KVM, etc
 - Real-time support in containers + KVM
 - Access to HW Resources (USB, PCIe)
 - Low latency transport over Ethernet
 - Synchronization issues over Ethernet
 - Study different types of Base-and split between BBU/RRH
- There is also interest to extend this work towards UE

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Challenges in running OAI in Containers/VM (Docker, LXC, KVM)

- Real-time support in containers + KVM
- Access to HW Resources (USB, PCIe)
- Low latency transport over Ethernet
- Integration with High Performance SoC platforms for heavy number-crunching (for ex. Turbo Decoder)
- Study different types of Base-band split between BBU/RRH
- Orchestration framework that guarantees real-time HW requirements







Running OAI in Containers + KVM

- Evaluate RT performance when running in Containers + KVM
- Orchestration solutions based on JuJu, OpenStack + other solutions

